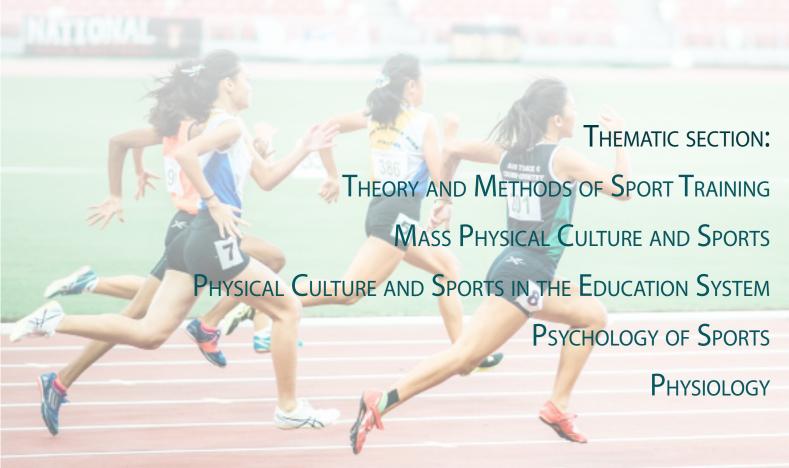
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Pedagogico-Phycological and Medico-Biological Problems of Physical Culture and Sports

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Russian Journal of Physical Education and Sport Volume 14 no 4 2019

CONTENT	
Aleksandr S. Kuznetsov, Zinaida M. Kuznetsova The second Congress of the members of "Russian professors meeting" social organization	5-7
Stanislav V. Dmitriev, Elena V. Bystritskaya, Irina Yu. Burkhanova, Sergey D. Neverkovich	8-18
External linguistics, methods of health-creation, interpersonal interaction in the sphere of sports and adaptive pedagogics	
Natalya Yu. Tarabrina, Yuriy V. Kraev	19-26
Chi Kung in the structure of modern physical culture and sports activity	
Theory and Methods of Sport Training	
Pushkarev A.V.	27-33
Competitive activity effectiveness estimation among basketball players of student teams taking into account their type of temperament	
GizatullinR.Z., MutaevaI.Sh , MutaevA.M.	34-40
Non-doping psychological-pedagogical, medical-biological methods of rehabilitation and working capacity improvement in athletes-combatants	
Ivan V. Elokhov, Dmitriy A. Zubkov	41-45
Marksmanship training influence on psychological state of cadets from higher educational establishments of Federal Penitentiary Service in Russia Radmir V. Samigullin, Ludmila D. Nazarenko, Oleg V. Shinkarenko	46-51
The skills of qualified weightlifters' functional state control formation	
Ilona V. Adamova, Ivana Chirakovich Traumatism prevention of ankle joint among children, who go in for "disco" dancing, at the stage of initial training	52-56
Mass Physical Culture and Sports	
Gimazov R.M., Rembeza A.V., Bulatova G.A. The algorithm realization of motor "running" and "standing long-jump" actions formation during the training process of 6-7 year-old preschool children	57-67
Marina L. Listkova	60 50
Independent physical culture activity of students in the structure of physical	68-72
upbringing at a higher educational establishment Anastasiya A. Svetlichkina, Oleg A. Kozlyatnikov1, Aleksandr V. Dorontsev, Nina A. Zinchuk	73-76
Prospects of sports training simulators use at physical culture lessons with students of special medical "A" group	
Physical Culture and Sports in the Education System	
Pavel S. Sokolov, Tatyana V. Fendel	77-81
Physical fitness analysis in the members of special convoy units of the Federal Penitentiary Service of Russia in Perm region	, ,

RUSSIAN JOURNAL OF PHYSICAL EDUCATION AND SPORT Volume 14 No.4 2019

Radmir V. Samigullin Methodical approaches to aerobic productivity formation among qualified weightlifters	82-86
Marina M. Shubovich, Nadezhda N. Petrishcheva	87-93
Students' communicative competency formation in terms of interaction with pupils of educational establishment	
Marina Yu. Stozharova, Irina O. Kuznetsova Interaction of physical and mental factors in the formation of emotional well-being as a condition for the development of preschoolers' personality	94-99
Valeriy G. Shubovich, Olga V. Vakhteeva, Alena N. Alenova	100-106
The problem of future specialists' professional training in the field of physical culture to work in an inclusive education	

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Competitive activity effectiveness estimation among basketball players of student teams taking into account their type of temperament

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Abstract: The article considers the effectiveness estimation of players' competitive activity at national student basketball teams. Basketball as a team game takes central place in the life of students, who entered higher educational establishments. At contemporary stage of its development basketball is characterized by good technical and physical training, but insufficient psychological and volitional readiness of players. In this connection the problem of psychological training improvement in national student teams is very urgent in scientific research works. It was revealed that the factors of psychological training for competitions can be players' psychological readiness for competitions formation, correct psycho-regulation means use, taking into account personality's features of each player. Materials. For further competitive readiness improvement in student basketball teams it is necessary to estimate competitive activity of each player, taking into account their types of temperament. Such an approach helps to improve the effectiveness of their competitive activity. The average amount and the effectiveness of technical-tactical actions in basketball players were revealed, taking into account their types of temperament. We also revealed the effectiveness and activity of players during the game, taking into account their type of temperament. Methods. Information sources analysis; basketball players' types of temperament revelation using hardware-controlled testing «D&K-TEST» (season 2017-2018); we revealed the effectiveness indices among the players on the basis of video, using CANON MV700 camera (Japan). **Results.** The work presents the indices of play effectiveness, taking into account the type of basketball players' temperament. The amount and effectiveness of technicaltactical actions fulfillment (correct) during the game in basketball players with different types of temperament (season of games 2017-2018). Play effectiveness indices were analyzed taking into account the type of basketball players' temperament. We revealed and analyzed the indices of expert estimation and not successful technical-tactical actions (TTA) and play situations of basketball players. Conclusion. Thus, the ability of players to fulfill effective TTA depends on their personal psychic qualities demonstration; successful and not successful TTA analysis and taking part in playing situations, which lead to scoring chances, helps to correct players' psychic readiness state; taking into account the types of players' temperament helps to realize effectively psycho-regulating means of psychological training.

Keywords: students, basketball players, competitive activity, type of temperament, effectiveness coefficient, technical-tactical actions.

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INTRODUCTION

Nowadays training national teams should accumulate up-to-date achievements in all parameters of training in basketball. As other kinds of sport basketball is a situation kind of sport, where players' actions happen in terms of contact between themselves and opponents. In this connection the main factor of a successful game and playing situations can be quickness of reaction, thinking

and correct decisions making in playing situations.

The success of playing situations and connections depends, first of all, on the decision, which can take the member of the team. All actions are directed toward playing domination achievement over the team of opponents in all playing situations. In this connection a typical feature of playing situations in basketball is that during the whole game it is impossible to predict

playing situations and opponents'actions. Tension of competitive play and a diverse character of playing situations, which are formed during the playing periods, create tension of players' psychic state.

Scientific-methodical and special literature analysis showed that the main factors, which demand players' psychological training development, are the following:

-technical-tactical actions taking into account depending on players' type of temperament;

- different playing situations realization depending on the typology of nervous system characteristics;
- a wide arsenal of necessary technical-tactical actions use, fulfilled in a short time periods;

-quick situational problems solution using different actions of a player;

- constant control over own actions and playing situation;
 - the actions of each player estimation;
- psychic resistance to difficulties and obstacles;
- psycho-regulating means and methods realization during preparatory and competitive periods.

Scientific-methodical and special literature analysis showed that many research works consider different sides of training.

For example, V.A. Alatortsev (2009) in psychological research works studies readiness of athletes for competitions, showing the effectiveness of this approach [1].

- G.D. Babushkin (1996) analyzes the use of hardware-controlled in fluences during athletes' self-control development as the base of psychological training [2].
- S.M. Gordon(2004) considers the necessity to estimate psychological readiness of athletes as the base for successful competitive activity[3].
- I.G. Gibadullin and others (2016) consider the necessity to study and control all indices of young athletes' readiness as the base of effective training [4].
- I.A. Grigoryants (2001) studies the problems of readiness and pre-competitive training organization among gymnasts.

D.R. Zakirov (2012) studied psychic readiness state of wrestlers, taking into account individual-peculiar features of the personality [5,6].

E.P. Ilin (2009), A.Ts. Puni (2008), studying the psychology of will power, mentioned the importance of volitional training in athletes [7,12,14].

G.A. Kamalieva (2010) offered the system of obstacles and difficulties overcoming in training volleyball players [9].

The group of authors considers functional training as the condition for all sides of readiness demonstration. Aerobic thresholdand potentialities of cardiovascular system estimation among cross-country racers (boys) on the basis of gradually increasing bicycle ergometric load demands taking into account psychological component [10,11,13].

The effectiveness and activity of players study depending on their types of temperament were not studied.

The aim of this research work was competitive activity studying among the players of student basketball teams, taking into account their types of temperament.

In order to achieve the aim of the research we gradually solved the following objectives:

- 1. On the basis of scientific-methodical literature analysis we defined the degree of the problem consideration (the problem of taking into account the type of temperament in competitive training of student basketball national team).
- 2.To reveal the average number and effectiveness of technical-tactical actions of basketball players, taking into account their types of temperament.
- 3. To define the effectiveness and activity of players during the game, taking into account their types of temperament.

RESEARCH METHODS

In order to achieve the aim we used the complex of methods, which provide the set objectives solution. Experimental work was held in national teams of higher educational establishments in Izhevsk (Russia) during season 2017-2018. We analyzed and summarized literature, defined the types of temperament among basketball players

using hardware controlled «D&K-TEST» test (season 2017-2018).

Basketball players from national teams of higher educational establishments took part in preliminary research works (27 people). In order to define the amount of the fulfilled by the players technical-tactical actions during the game we used video shooting from three points. Video analysis was realized individually for each player, shooting was held using CANON MV700 camera, results were handled using computer program Media Player Classic.

In order to define the effectiveness of each kind of technical-tactical action we used the following formula of effectiveness coefficient (EC) calculation:

$EC = NTTA c \times 100\% NTTA g$

where NTTAc- number of technical-tactical actions fulfilled correctly; NTTAg – general number

of technical-tactical actions, fulfilled by the players. The indices of playing activity analysis of each player were registered in a separate card, were defined according to the types of temperament and were handled with the help ofmathematical statistics methods.

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

Basketball as a team game includes total volume of technical-tactical movements, which are fulfilled by the players of the team in connections, penalty throws, simple throws and many other attacking and defensive actions, fulfilled by the players within the definite time period playing actions.

The results of the average amount of effective technical-tactical actions analysis, fulfilled during the game by basketball players with different types of temperament, are presented in table 1.

Table 1 –Number and effectiveness of technical-tactical actions fulfillment(correct)during the game by basketball players with different types of temperament(season 2017-2018)

	1st type		2 nd type		3 rd type		4 th type		5 th type	
TTA	amount	%	amount	%	amount	%	amount	%	amount	%
Attacking passes	18	78,3	21	84,0	23	92,0	19	90,4	12	85,7
Points for the game	2,3	76,6	10,9	81,2	6	86,7	7	83,4	2	50.5
Throws	5,6	54,3	8,3	67,8	12	72,8	11	75,6	3	48,9
Ball tackle	3,9	65,0	6,7	70,3	9	69,3	8	72,1	5	52,1
Ball lay-up	2,6	45,7	7,3	68,9	11,5	65,7	5,9	68,9	3,6	54,7
Ball picking(o/ op)	7,1	34,7	8.9	80,3	5,8	79.7	6,9	71,7	4,6	65,3
Penalty throws	2,1	45,8	3,6	65,7	4,5	80,3	3,2	75,9	3.8	70,3

Note: TTA – technical-tactical actions; the 1st type –phlegmatic-choleric (introvert); the 2nd type– sanguine-choleric (introvert); the 3rd type–sanguine-choleric (extra-introvert); the 4th type–sanguine-melancholic; the 5th type – melancholic; o/op – ball picking under own backboard and the backboard of the opponent

Table q shows that playing activity of basketball players during the competitions includes technical-tactical actions fulfillment, taking part in playing situations. In our example the volume of TTA, fulfilled by the players of the team, and the effectiveness of their playing activity are analyzed, taking into account the types of players' temperament. It was mentioned that TTA

effectiveness among basketball players of different types of temperament varies depending on their playing activity. For example, basketball players of the 2nd, 3rd and 4th types of temperament are more active, than basketball players of the 1st and the 5th types of temperament.

We come to the conclusion that the effectiveness of TTA demonstration among basketball players is

RUSSIAN JOURNAL OF PHYSICAL EDUCATION AND SPORT Volume 14 No.4 2019

conditioned by psycho-emotional state and psychic readiness state. TTA effectiveness is higher among the representatives of the $2^{\rm nd}$, $3^{\rm rd}$ and the4th types of temperament. However,there is psycho-emotional break-down among basketball players of the $2^{\rm nd}$ and the $3^{\rm rd}$ types. This demands timely correction of

psycho-emotional state among players.

Table 2 presents the indices of basketball players' playing activity effectiveness coefficient, taking into account their types of temperament.

Table 2 – The indices of effectiveness of the playing activity, taking into account basketball players' types of temperament

TTA	1st type		2 nd type		3 rd type		4 th type		5 th type	
IIA	amount	%	amount	%	amount	%	amount	%	amount	%
TTAcorrect	41,6		66,7		71,8		61		34	
TTAgeneral	51,3	80,3	73	91,4	80,3	89,4	73	83,6	80	42,2

For example, general amount of correctly fulfilled TTA in players with phlegmatic-choleric (introvert) type of temperament was 41,6 times in terms of general amount of TTA 51,3. At the same time, game effectiveness index was 80,3% (tables 1and 2). Among – sanguine-choleric (introvert) type general amount of correctly fulfilled TTA was 66,7 times in terms of general amount of TTA 73. The game effectiveness index was 91,4% (tables 1,2). The players of this type of temperament were more active during the game and had higher effectiveness of movements, than the representatives of phlegmatic-choleric (introvert) type of temperament.

The same situation is among the representatives of sanguine-choleric (extra-introvert) type of temperament, where general amount of correctly fulfilled TTA was 71,8 times in terms of general amount of TTA 80,3, the game effectiveness index was – 89,4% (tables 1, 2).

Among the representatives of sanguine-melancholic type of temperament general amount of correctly fulfilled TTA was 61 times in terms of general amount of TTA 73, the indices of game effectiveness were83,6% (tables 1,2).

Among the representatives of melancholic type of temperament competitive activity the amount of correctly fulfilled TTA was 34 times, general amount of TTA was 80 times, at the same time, there were low values of effectiveness indices -42.2% (table 2).

Taking into account the results of presented indices of players with different types of temperament we can transform playing competitive

activity towards the state of psychic readiness of players for the game. It is mentioned that the dynamics of the used TTA ratio in the game depends on many components of players' psychological state.

During pre-competitive training period the use of great amount of TTA prevails, but at the same time, the unit weight of correct TTA is considerably lower. During the competitive period we revealed correct and not successful TTA increase among the players, connected with their psychic state.

In order to define the effectiveness of competitive activity it is necessary to define playing activity of basketball player, taking into account their types of temperament. For this purpose we used the method of playing activity expert evaluation. Not only correct actions of a player were evaluated, but also taking into account simple and complicated playing situations. It is necessary to estimate basketball players' competitive activity according to point system. In this case not only the quality (correctness and incorrectness) of TTA fulfillment is estimated, but also their effectiveness, the level of difficulty and success of the created playing situation on the playing ground. It is necessary to divide TTA into complicated and simple in order to analyze competitive activity of basketball players. Points help to stimulate psychologically each player. Similar research works, held by the authors, proved their effectiveness in different kinds of activity [15].

E.V. Fedotova (2007) in her work, dedicated to all sides of competitive activity study in field hockey, proved effectiveness estimation of competitive activity using different systems of evaluation [16]. with the main technical-tactical actions of players,

where they put marks to each player of the team,

evaluation, presented in table 3, we underline

that the players of the 2nd, 3rd and the 4th types of

temperament gained more positive marks, than

negative ones. The players with the 1st and the

5th types of temperament showed insufficient

activity during the game and gained in the average

According to the results of the held expert

without knowing the type of their temperament.

In our example for evaluation we used 5-point system, where playing situation and each index were estimated in points. If TTA and playing situations are realized precisely, effectively and correctly, creating scoring chances, then the mark is with plus, and if TTA and playing situations are fulfilled not precisely and don't lead to scoring chances, then the mark is with minus.

Table 3 presents the indices of successful and non-successful TTA and playing situations of basketball players expert evaluation.

5 experts were given the records of evaluation
Table 3 – Expert evaluation indices of successful and non-successful TTA and playing situations in basketball
players

3,76points.

•						
TEVE A	1st type	2 nd type	3 rd type	4 th type	5 th type	
TTA	mark	mark	mark	mark	mark	
Successful attacking passes	+3,5	+4,5	+5,0	+4,7	+3,2	
Non-successful attacking passes						
Successful throws	+ 3,5	+4,7	+5,0	+4,3	+3,1	
Non-successful throws						
Balltackling	+3,2	+4,2	+3,8	+4,3	+2.7	
Non-successful attempt of ball tackling						
Ball lay-up	+3,0	+4,5	+4.5	+4,3		
Balllay-up,leading tofoul						
Ball picking (o/op)	+	+	+	+	+	
Non-successfulattempts of ball picking						
Penalty throws	+	+	+	+	+	
Non-successful throws						
Scoring attack prevention by the player						
Effective scoring technique of TTA and						
playing situations	+	+	+	+	+	
Effective defense and attack	+	+	+	+	+	

Thus, studied by us second, third, fourth types of temperament are the most active, emotional, accurate in playing situations solution. Theyarethemostsuitabletypesforteamgame. For them it is necessary to plan psycho-regulating means of psychological training, as because of high level of emotionality and activity they quicker lose interest in effective game. They need more stimulation using severe psychological-pedagogical methods of upbringing. They should use means, which decrease emotional level of excitement in order to prevent their over-tension. They are susceptible to external factors, their reaction is emotional, quick and energetic, without own psychic and functional state control.

In the second record experts estimated psychic features level according to the following indices: activity, passiveness, emotionality, energy, plasticity, excitement, tempo of reactions, behavior in difficult playing situation and the quality of playing situational objectives fulfillment.

It was mentioned that the representatives of different types of temperament have different demonstrations of psychic state during the game. The received results of players' psychic state expert evaluation, taking into account their temperament, we would analyze in our further works.

In our opinion, expert evaluation helps to estimate more objectively the actions of each player. Positive marks players got for the quality of TTA fulfillment and an effective participation in playing successful and non-successful situations. Negative marks they got for the mistakes and for non-effective playing situations creation. Such variant of competitive activity estimation, taking into account players' type of temperament, helps to improve the effectiveness of collective TTA and the contribution of each player into team work.

CONCLUSION

Making the analysis and giving expert evaluation of basketball players' competitive activity at a higher educational establishment, we came to the following conclusion:

- the ability of players to realize effective TTA depends on their personal psychic qualities;
- successful and non-successful TTA and the participation in playing situations analysis helps to correct timely the state of players' psychic readiness;
- taking into account the temperament of players helps to realize effectively psycho regulating means of psychic training;
- -the effectiveness and activity of the game estimation, taking into account the types of temperament, leads to structural changes in playing motor activity of the teams and the separate players;
- the volume of activity in playing situations increases among the players owing to the importance of typological personality features increase in training.

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